

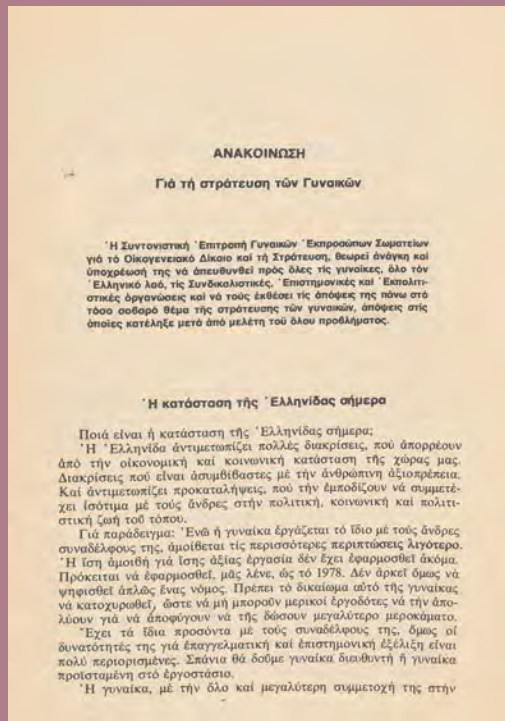
MILITARY SERVICE, LABOR, PEACE

Military service

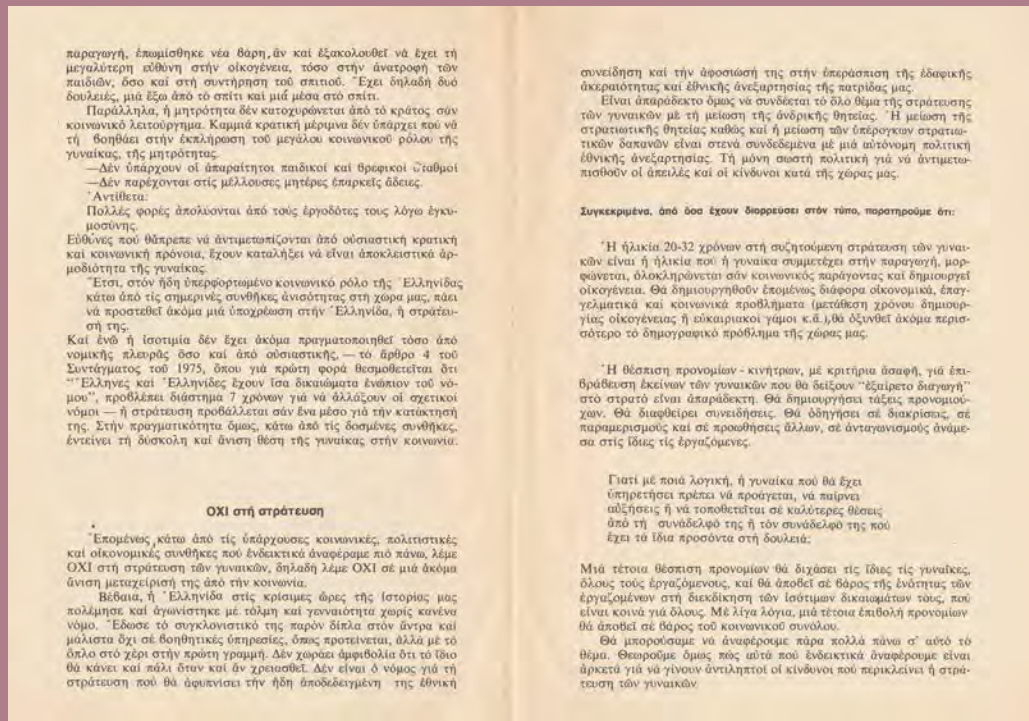
In the period 1976-1978, the decision of the government of New Democracy [ND] to submit to the Parliament a draft law on the conditional recruitment of women to the armed forces caused strong reactions. Feminist and mixed-gender groups presented various arguments under the common position that the recruitment of women would not contribute to the struggle for equality. They objected to the draft law by collecting signatures, sending statements to the Parliament and organising large-scale demonstrations. The protests continued even after the law was passed in 1977 (Law 705/1977).



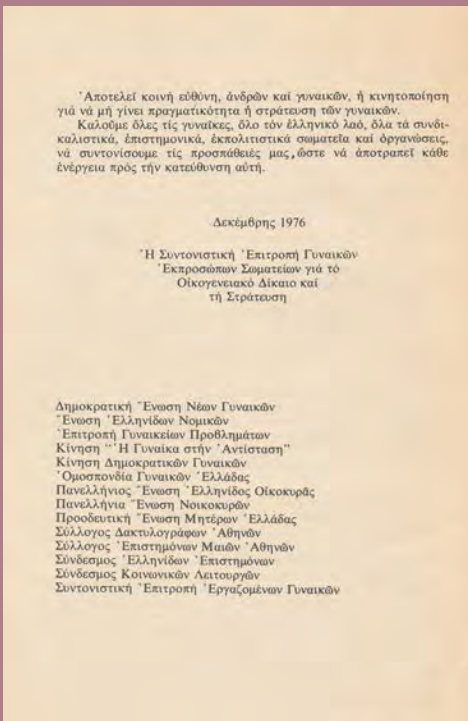
Article on women's enlistment published in the *For the liberation of women* magazine, issue 4, November 1978 "Delfys" Women's Archive



Brochure by the Unions' Women Representatives Committee on women's enlistment, December 1976 Angelika Psarra Collection



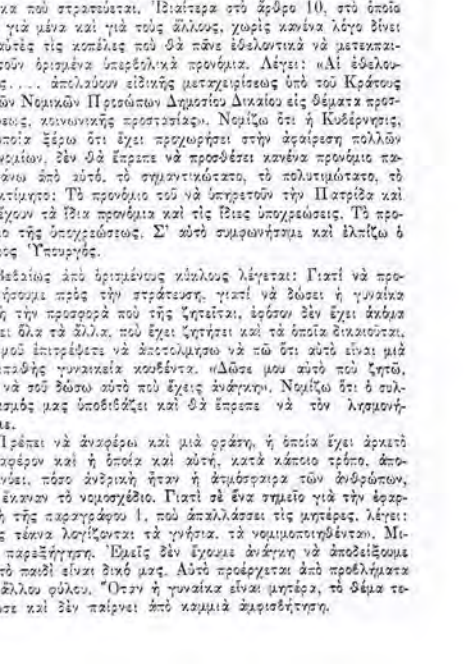
Review on women's enlistment, published in *Open Window* magazine [Anikto Parathiro], issue 26, March-April 1984 "Delfys" Women's Archive



Poster by the Movement for the Liberation of Women [KAG] on women's enlistment General Secretariat for Gender Equality



Speech delivered by Eleni Vlachou in the Parliament as part of the debate on the bill "on the enlistment of women". She is pro women's enlistment and considers it a step towards gender equality, August 1977 Hellenic Parliament Library



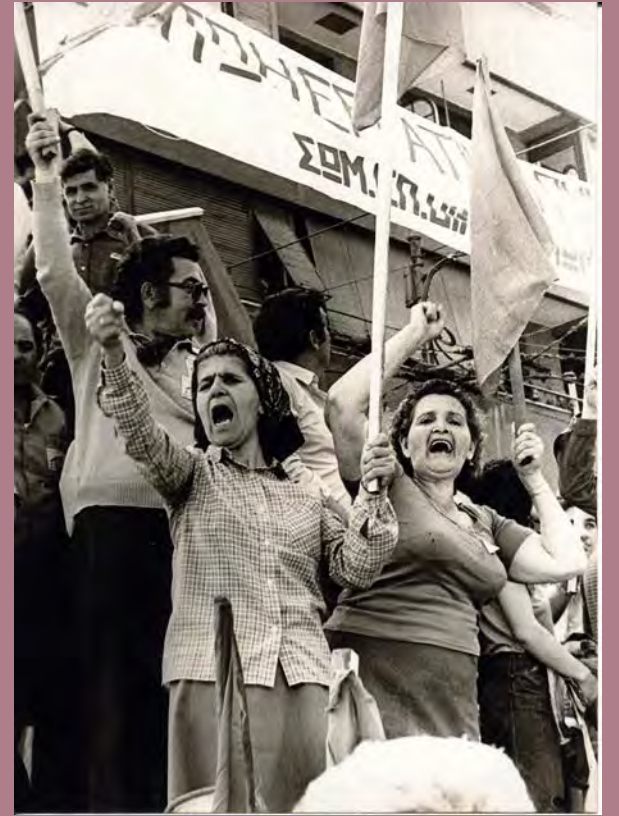
Speech delivered by Eleni Vlachou in the Parliament as part of the debate on the bill "on the enlistment of women". She is pro women's enlistment and considers it a step towards gender equality, August 1977 Hellenic Parliament Library



Demonstration at the Credit Bank
Angelika Psarra Collection



Women workers' assembly at the
Berkshire factory
Angelika Psarra Collection



May Day demonstration, 1983
Angelika Psarra Collection

ΦΙΛΕΣ,

σήμερα γιορτάζουμε τη μέρα της γυναίκας και την αφιερώνουμε στην ανεργία των γυναικών. Νοιώθουμε έντονα τα προβλήματα που συσσωρεύονται όλο και πιο πολύ στους ώμους της εργαζόμενης γυναίκας και συνειδητοποιούμε καθημερινά ότι γινόμαστε τα πρώτα θύματα της οικονομικής κρίσης. Τα πρώτα θύματα της ολοένα αυξανόμενης εξειδίκευσης της εργασίας και της σχεδόν ολοκληρωτικής έλλειψης επαγγελματικής κατάρτισης της γυναίκας.

Τό όλο και περισσότερο αυξανόμενο γυναικείο εργατικό δυναμικό που οφείλεται στην κατανόηση από συνεχώς μεγαλύτερο αριθμό νέων γυναικών των διεκδικήσεων του γυναικείου κινήματος για παροχή ίσότητας και ίσων ευκαιριών σε όλους τους τομείς και φυσικά και της εργασίας, είναι αυτό που θάλλεται ιδιαίτερα.

Από στοιχεία που έχουμε για τα χρόνια 1974 - 1979 στις αστικές και ήμισυαστικές περιοχές της χώρας μας ο αριθμός των γυναικών ανέργων αυξήθηκε κατά 98%, ενώ ο αντίστοιχος αριθμός των αντρών μειώθηκε κατά 11%. Συνέπεια της κυρίαρχης νοοτροπίας: προσλαμβάνομαστε τελευταίες και απολύομαστε πρώτες. Είμαστε η εφεδρική δύναμη που μας χρησιμοποιούν όταν έχουν ανάγκη από φτηνά εργατικά χέρια και μας στέλνουν στο σπίτι μας, καθορίζοντάς μας ξανά τους καθαρά «γυναικείους» μας ρόλους, όταν πια δεν μας χρειάζονται.

Η ΕΡΓΑΣΙΑ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΚΑΙ ΔΙΚΟ ΜΑΣ ΔΙΚΑΙΩΜΑ.

ΘΑ ΠΑΛΙΨΟΥΜΕ ΕΝΑΝΤΙΑ ΣΤΗΝ ΑΝΕΡΓΙΑ ΓΙΑΤΙ ΞΕΡΟΥΜΕ ΠΩΣ Η ΟΙΚΟΝΟΜΙΚΗ ΜΑΣ ΑΝΕΞΑΡΤΗΣΙΑ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΕΝΑ ΑΠΟ ΤΑ ΠΡΩΤΑ ΒΗΜΑΤΑ ΓΙΑ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΑΠΕΡΑ ΔΙΕΚΔΙΚΗΣΗ ΤΩΝ ΑΙΤΗΜΑΤΩΝ ΜΑΣ.

ΕΙΝΑΙ Η ΠΡΟΫΠΟΘΕΣΗ ΓΙΑ ΤΗΝ ΚΑΘΗΜΕΡΙΝΗ ΚΑΤΑΚΤΗΣΗ ΤΩΝ ΔΙΚΑΙΩΜΑΤΩΝ ΜΑΣ ΣΑΝ ΓΥΝΑΙΚΕΣ.

8 του Μάρτη 1983

ΚΙΝΗΣΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΚΩΝ ΓΥΝΑΙΚΩΝ

Information brochure by the Democratic Women's Movement on the occasion of International Women's Day discussing women's unemployment and Labor rights, 8 March 1983
Contemporary Social History Archives

ΣΥΝΕΔΡΙΟ ΜΕ ΘΕΜΑ
Η ΓΥΝΑΙΚΑ ΣΤΗ ΔΗΜΟΣΙΑ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ

ΖΑΠΗΕΙΟ 13 14 15 ΔΕΚΕΜΒΡΙΟΥ 84

ΣΥΜΒΟΛΑΙΟ ΙΣΟΤΗΤΑΣ ΤΩΝ ΔΥΟ ΦΥΛΩΝ
ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΡΟΕΔΡΙΑΣ

"Women in public administration", conference poster by the General Secretariat for Gender Equality, December 1984
General Secretariat for Gender Equality

ΠΑΝΕΛΛΑΔΙΚΗ ΣΥΝΑΝΤΗΣΗ ΣΤΗ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ 10-11.3.84

ΕΝΩΜΕΝΕΣ ΑΓΩΝΙΖΟΜΑΣΤΕ
ΓΙΑ ΤΟ ΔΙΚΑΙΩΜΑ ΣΤΗ ΔΟΥΛΕΙΑ ΚΑΙ ΣΤΗ ΖΩΗ
ΟΧΙ στην ανεργία
ΟΧΙ στους εξοπλισμούς

ΟΜΟΣΠΟΝΔΙΑ ΓΥΝΑΙΚΩΝ ΕΛΛΑΔΑΣ

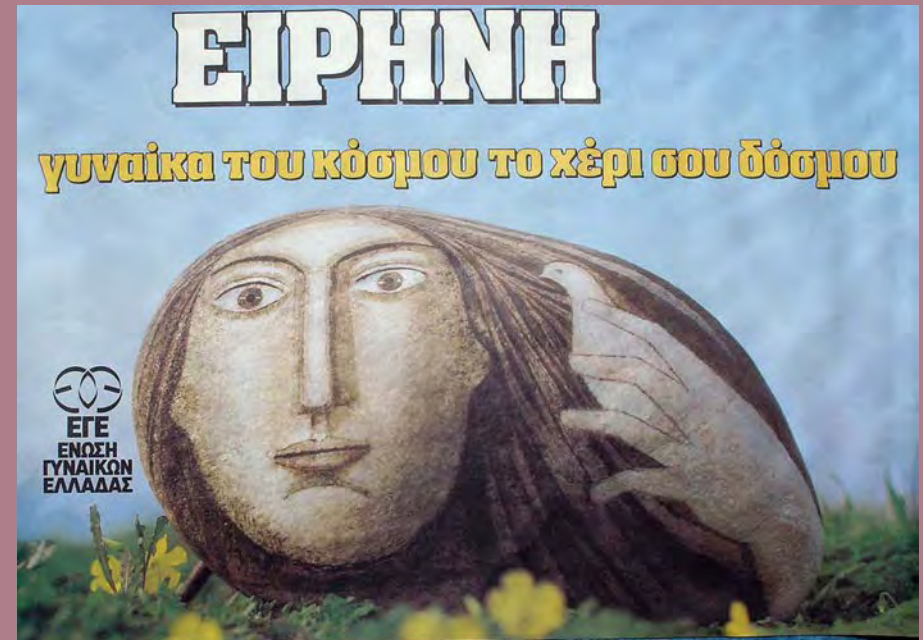
Publication on women's labor by the Federation of Greek Women [OGE], March 1984
University of Athens - Department of Political Science and Public Administration

LABOR

The feminist ideas of the *Metapolitefsi* also extended to the male-dominated area of trade unionism. In that period, women's committees were created within or alongside the established trade unions bringing forward the issue of gender-based discrimination at the workplace and in trade unions, in a sector that was never concerned with female issues before. Coexistence was not harmonious. The case of the Women's Secretariat of the General Confederation of Greek Workers [GSEE] shows the tensions created when women in trade unions stop defending labour rights in general and start focusing on women's rights. Some taboo subjects came up including sexual harassment at the workplace and the fact that sexual harassment cases were tolerated and/or covered up by distinguished members of the trade union movement.

PEACE

The Women's Federation of Greece and the Women's Union of Greece participate in pro-peace mobilizations that are in accordance with the general anti-NATO climate of the period, as well as with a rationale that links women to motherhood - a reasoning that is not in line with the beliefs of autonomous women's groups.



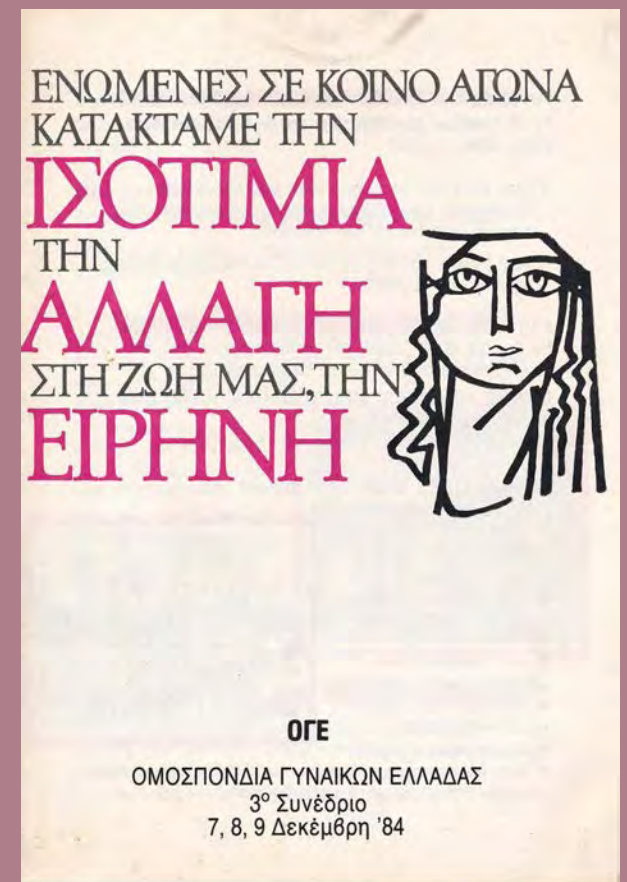
Poster on Peace by the Union of Greek Women [ΕΓΕ]
“Delfys” Women's Archive



Feminist magazines invitation to a discussion on women's emancipation and peace, May Μάιος 1983
University of Athens - Department of Political Science and Public Administration



International Women's Day poster by the Federation of Greek Women [ΟΓΕ]
University of Athens - Department of Political Science and Public Administration



Poster on Peace and Equality by the Federation of Greek Women [ΟΓΕ], December 1984
University of Athens - Department of Political Science and Public Administration